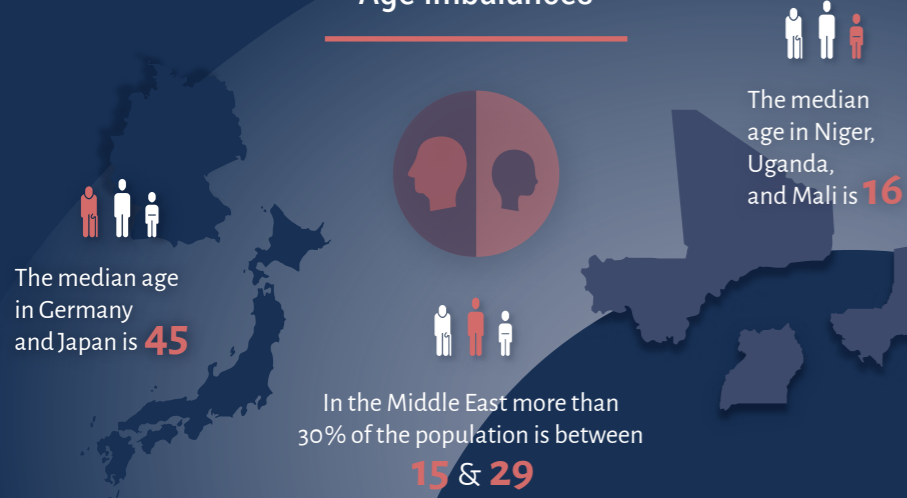
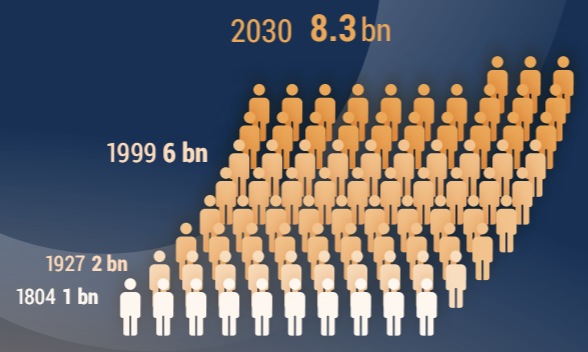


Pressures and shocks are expected to increase in the future

Age imbalances



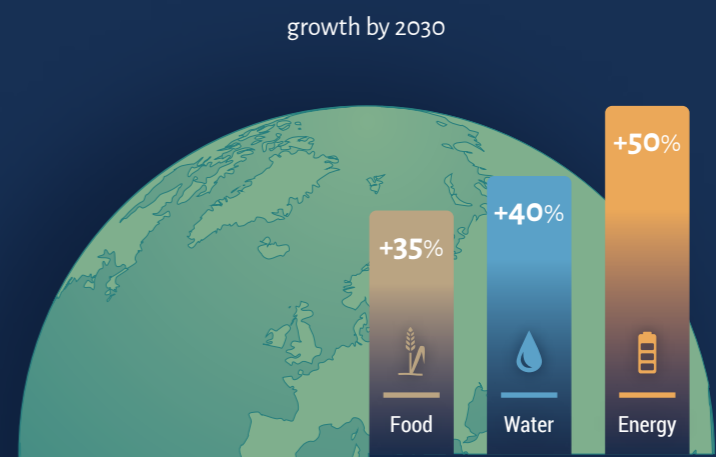
Population growth



Inequality



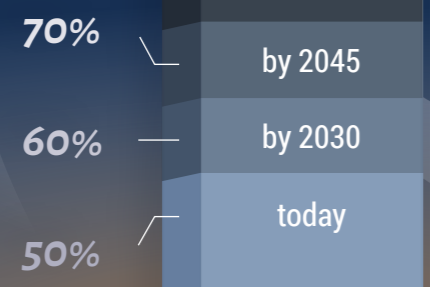
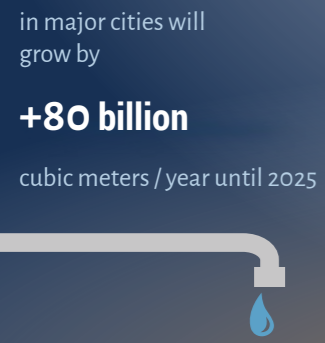
Global resource demand



Developing countries will need to invest **US\$ 209 billion** by 2050 to meet food demand, 50 percent more than today

Nearly **US\$ 48 trillion** is needed by 2035 to meet energy demand

Water demand



Urbanization

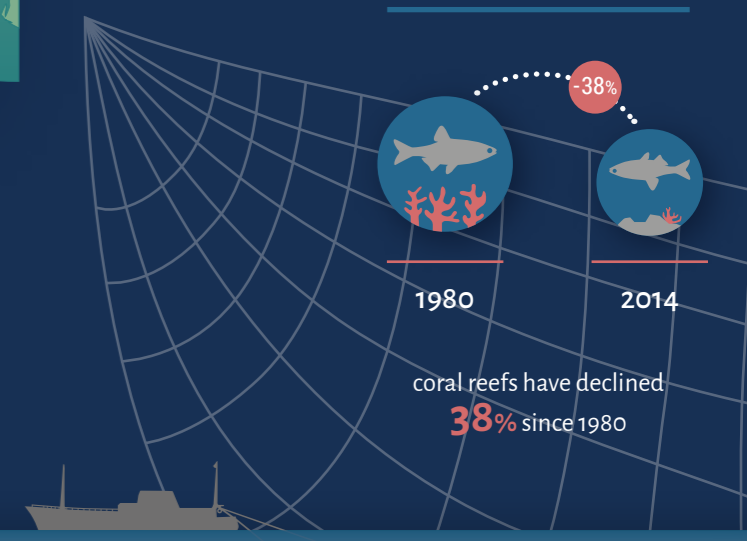
Today, 50 percent of the world's population lives in cities. Urban spaces will require an additional **100 to 200 million hectares** of land within the next 40 years.



Ecosystem health

Biodiversity is **decreasing** **1,000 to 10,000 times** faster than the natural extinction rate

Fisheries & coral reefs



90% of the world's fish stocks are overexploited

Sources: Cincotta (2012); Kharas and Gertz (2010); Lagarde (2014); Lee et al. (2012); OECD (2013b); The International Energy Agency (2014); UN-DESA (2014); UK MoD (2014); US NIC (2012).